

7.3.1 Institutional distinctiveness

“Quality Legal Education”

1. Extension Lecture by Hon'ble Justice Bansi Lal Bhat



2. Extension Lecture on Anti- ragging By



3. Court Visit

Court Visit



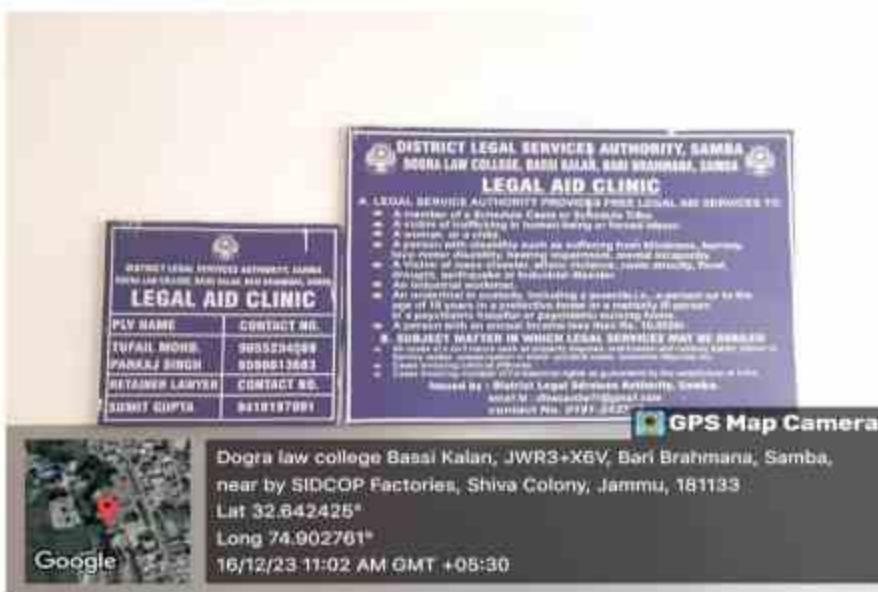
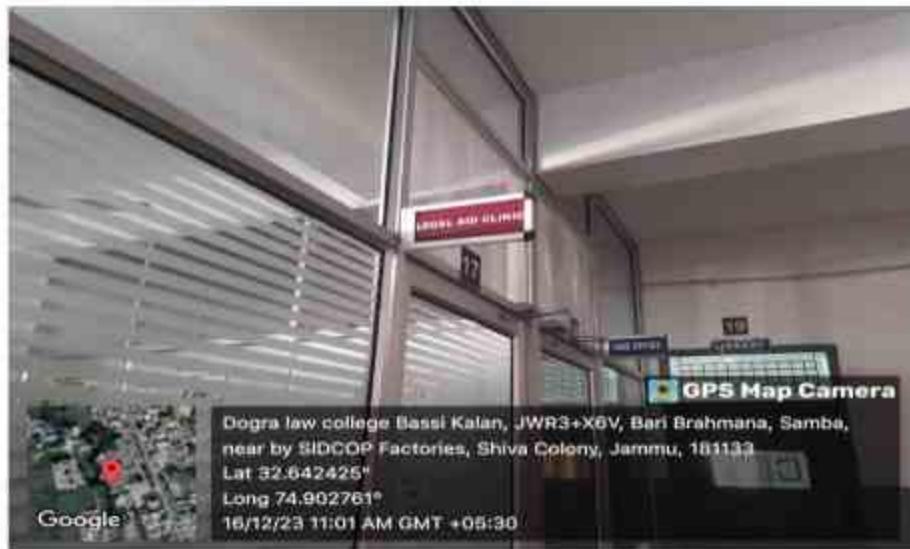
4. Police station Visit

Police Station Visit on 10th May 2023



5. Legal Aid Clinic

Legal Aid Cell of Dogra Law College



Dogra Law College For Best Legal Aid Clinic



6. Interactive Session



7. Debate Competition on human rights Day

DEBATE COMPETITION ON 10TH DECEMBER 2022



NSS unit of Dogra Law College organized a Debate Competition on the occasion of Human Rights Day on 10th December 2022.

In the 'Debate', the participants presented their arguments for and against the motion- 'Should Capital Punishment be avoided?'



8. Matushri Inter-School Debate Competition on 26-08-2022



9. Police auditorium





10 Extension lecture by Justice Tashi Rabstan on National Law Day



11.Legal Awareness Programme on Lok Adalats on 9th September 2023



12.Extension Lecture by Sub Judge Slaheuddin Ahmed



2/2

OFFICE OF THE PRINCIPAL
DOGRA LAW COLLEGE

Barsi Kalan, Bari Brabmanea, Sumba

Ref. No. R/AOm-01/27/8254/DLC

Date: 14/10/2022

NOTICE

It is for the information of all the students of 3 years LL.B Prof. Course 2nd Sem that the Legal Aid Committee of DLC is going to organise an extension lecture on 17th October 2022 at 10:00 am on the topic "Maintenance and Welfare of Parents and Senior Citizens Act,2007". The resource person shall be Sh. Shahuddin Ahmed (Sub-Judge) District Court Sumba. The venue for the same shall be Conference Room. All the students are directed to attend the same and come in proper dress code.

[Signature]
Principal
Date: 14/10/2022
Dogra Law College

Copy to:

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|---|--|
| 1. Secretary, Dogra Educational Trust
2. Director, DGC & CD
3. Notice Board, Dogra Law College concerned. | — for information please.
— for information please.
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COURSE: 654

Time Allowed: 3 hrs

CONSTITUTIONAL LAW – I

Max. Marks: 100

Min. Marks: 45

UNIT – I

1. Introduction to Indian Constitution and its salient features.
2. Fundamental Rights and their significance.
3. Definition of the State under Art.12.
4. Dimensions of Article 13.

UNIT – II

1. Right to equality and protective discrimination – Articles 14, 15 & 16.
2. Fundamental freedoms – Art. 19 and Reasonable restrictions
3. Right against exploitation – Articles 23, 24

UNIT – III

1. Doctrine of Double jeopardy, self-incrimination and ex-post facto laws – Article 20
2. Right to life and personal liberty – Art.21
3. Preventive Detention and Constitutional safeguards – Art.22
4. Freedom of Religion – Art. 25,26,27,28

UNIT – IV

1. Cultural and Educational Rights – Art. 29-30
2. Right to Constitutional Remedies – Articles 32, 226 and concept of Public Interest Litigation.
3. Directive Principles of State Policy, their significance and relationship with Fundamental Rights including Directive Principles under constitution of J&K.

COURSE - 704**Constitutional law of India -II****Time Allowed: 3 hrs****Max. Marks: 100****Min. Marks: 45****UNIT - I**

1. President of India, Council of Ministers and their relationship, and powers of President – pardoning power and ordinance making power.
2. Governor – Position and powers including powers of Governor under J & K Constitution.
3. Legislative privileges and the Problem of Codification.

UNIT - II

1. Legislative relations between centre and states (Art. 245-254)
2. Administrative relations – Art. 256-263
3. Financial Relations. (Art. 268-281)
4. Special Status of J&K – Art. 370

UNIT - III

1. Emergency provisions – (Art. 352-360)
 - a. National emergency
 - b. State emergency
 - c. Financial emergency
 - d. Emergency under J&K Constitution (Sec. 92)
 2. Amendment of Constitution – Art 368
 3. Permanent Residents of J&K and their rights and privileges (Sects. 6-11 of Constitution)
-

UNIT - IV

1. Doctrine of Pleasure – Art. 310, Protection Against arbitrary dismissal – Art.311 and exceptions.
2. Anti defection Law including position under J & K Constitution.
3. Supreme Court and its original, appellate and advisory jurisdiction; High Court and its Original and Appellate Jurisdiction.

Suggested Readings:

1. V.N. Shukla's:	Constitution of India (Ed. By M.P. Singh)
2. M.P. Jain:	Indian Constitutional Law
3. M. Bidayatullah (Ed.):	Constitutional Law of India
4. D.D. Basu:	Shorter Constitution of India
5. H.M. Seervai:	Constitutional Law of India
6. Brij K. Sharma	Introduction to the Constitution of India
7. Justice A.S. Anand:	The Constitution of J&K:Its Development & comments
8. Justice R.P. Sethi:	Commentary on the Constitution of J & K

Note for Paper Setters:

The question paper shall comprise of two Sections. Section-I shall have one compulsory question comprising of four short answer type questions (200 words- each) selecting one from each Unit. Section-II shall contain two questions from each Unit (Total eight questions) and the candidate shall be required to answer one question from each Unit (Total questions to be attempted from Section-II will be four), i.e., there will be internal choice within each Unit. The student shall attempt a total of five questions and all question shall carry equal marks.

COURSE: 655

FAMILY LAW - I

Time Allowed: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 100

Min. Marks: 45

UNIT- I: Sources and schools

1. **Sources of Hindu Law:**
 - a. Ancient sources: Sruti, Smriti, Digests and Commentaries, Customs
 - b. Modern sources: Equity, Justice and Good Conscience, Precedent and Legislation
2. **Schools of Hindu Law:**
 - a. Mitakshara and Dayabhaga School; Sub-schools of Mitakshara
3. **Sources of Muslim Law:**
 - a. Ancient sources: The Koran, The Sunna (practices of Prophet), Ijma (Consensus of Opinion) and Qiyas (Analogical deduction)
 - b. Modern sources: Equity, Justice and Good Conscience, Precedent and Legislation
4. **Schools of Muslim Law:**
 - a. Sunni School of Muslim Law
 - b. Shia School of Muslim Law

UNIT- II: Marriage

1. Nature and concept of Hindu marriage, Essential conditions of a Hindu marriage; Consequences of violating these conditions; and ceremonies of marriage
2. Void and Voidable marriage under Hindu law
3. Nature and scope of Muslim marriage, Essential conditions of a valid marriage, prohibitions/ disabilities; classification of marriage and effects of valid, irregular and void marriage.
4. Definition, nature and classification of dower, endowment of wife, widow's right to retention.

UNIT- III: Matrimonial Remedies

1. Non-judicial resolution of marital conflict problem; Unilateral divorce; divorce by mutual consent and other modes of dissolution of marriage under muslim law.

2. Judicial resolution of marital conflict problem.
 - a. A general perspective of matrimonial fault theory and the principles of irretrievable breakdown of marriage.
 - b. Restitution of conjugal rights
 - c. Judicial separation
 - d. Grounds for divorce under Hindu Law
 - e. Bar on matrimonial relief under Hindu law.
4. Grounds for divorce under Indian Dissolution of Muslim Marriage Act, 1939
5. Establishment, powers and functions of Family courts

UNIT-IV: Alimony and Maintenance

1. Maintenance of neglected wives, divorced wives, minor children, disabled children and parents who are unable to support themselves under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973.
2. Alimony and Maintenance: (i) as an independent remedy, a review under different personal laws; (ii) as ancillary relief: Alimony pendent lite and permanent maintenance.
3. Maintenance of divorced Muslim Women under the Muslim Women (Protection of Rights on Divorce Act, 1986: A critical review
4. Uniform Civil Code: Constitutional Mandate: Role of the state and impediments to the formulation of the Uniform Civil Code

Suggested Readings:

1. D.F. Mulla: *Principles of Hindu Law*
2. ParasDiwan: *Modern Hindu Law*
3. D.F. Mulla: *Principles of Mohammadan Law*
4. AAA Fyzee: *Outlines of Mohammadan Law*
5. T. Mohamood: *Muslim Law in India*

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 - a. A general perspective of matrimonial fault theory and the principles of irretrievable breakdown of marriage.
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5. T. Mohamood: Muslim Law in India

- COURS** 2. Devolution of interest in Mitakshara coparcenary with reference to the provisions of
Time A1 Hindu Succession Act, 1956
3. Succession to the property of a Hindu female dying intestate under the Hindu
Succession Act, 1956
UNIT-I 4. General rules of succession and disqualifications relating to succession

1. ?

2. 1 **UNIT-IV: Law of succession and inheritance among Muslims**

3. 1 1. General rules of succession and exclusion from succession
4. 2. Classification of heirs under Hanafi and UmmaAsharia schools and their shares and
5. distribution of property
6. 3. Distinction between Sunni and Shia law of inheritance
7. 4. Settlement of spousal property: A need for development under personal laws in India.

UNIT-

1. Suggested Readings:

1. D.F. Mulla: Principles of Hindu Law
2. ParasDiwanji: Modern Hindu Law
3. D.F. Mulla: Principles of Muhammadan Law
4. A.A.A. Fyzee: Outlines of Muhammadan Law
5. T. Mahmood: Muslim Law in India
6. Derrett, Hindu Law

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Note for Paper Setters:

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COURSE - 754

Time Allowed: 3 hrs.

HUMAN RIGHTS LAW

Max. Marks: 100

Min. Marks: 45

UNIT-I

1. Ancient Indian perspective
2. League of Nations and Human Rights
3. UN Charter and Human Rights
4. The Universal Declaration of Human Rights and its Legal Significance

UNIT-II

1. International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, 1966
2. International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, 1966
3. Optional Protocol-I to ICCPR (Right of an individual to approach Human Rights Committee); Optional Protocol-II (Abolition of Death Penalty)
4. The African System: The African Charter on Human and People's rights, 1981: State Obligations and Measures of Implementation: i) State Obligations, ii) The African Commission on Human and People's Rights

UNIT-III

1. The European System: The European Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, 1950: Rights guaranteed;
2. Enforcement mechanism: i) The Committee of Ministers; ii) The European Court of Human Rights
3. The Inter-American System: The American Convention on Human Rights, 1969: The Rights guaranteed;
4. The Convention Organs: i) The Inter-American Commission on Human Rights, ii) The Inter-American Court of Human Rights

UNIT-IV

1. Human Rights in India: Constitutional guarantees of Fundamental Rights
2. The Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993 and functioning of the Human Rights Commission of India
3. Judicial activism and protection of Human Rights in India

4. Role of Non-Governmental Organizations in the promotion and protection of Human Rights

Suggested Readings:

1. Rama Jois: Human Rights in Ancient India
2. U. Baxi: The Right to be Human
3. F. Kazmi: Human Rights
4. J. Sawruk: Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms
5. Nagendra Singh: Human Rights and International Cooperation
6. S.C. Khare: Human Rights and United Nations
7. A.B. Kailash: Human Rights in International Law
8. I. Meron(Ed): Human Rights in International Law
9. A.B. Robertson (Ed): Human Rights in National and International Law
10. E. Lauterpacht: International Law and Human Rights
11. Buergenthal, International Human Rights
12. Solan Lewis and Buergenthal, International Protection of Human Rights
13. Ian Brownlie and Guy S. Goodwin-Gill, Basic Documents on Human Rights
14. B.P. Singh Schgal (Ed): Human Rights in India

Note for Paper Setters:

The question paper shall comprise of two Sections. Section-I shall have one compulsory question comprising of four short answer type questions (20 words each) selecting one from each Unit. Section-II shall contain two questions from each Unit (Total eight questions) and the candidate shall be required to answer one question from each Unit (Total questions to be attempted from Section-II will be four), i.e., there will be internal choice within each Unit. The student shall attempt a total of five questions and all questions shall carry equal marks.

COURSE- 755**LABOUR AND INDUSTRIAL LAW - I****Time Allowed: 3 hrs****Max. Marks: 100****Min. Marks: 45****UNIT: 1**

1. Trade Union: Definition, Role, Utility and Development in India
2. Registration of Trade Union, Remedies in case of non-registration and cancellation of registration.
3. Privileges and Immunities of Registered trade union

UNIT: 2

1. Concept of Industry, Industrial dispute and workman
2. Concept of lay-off, retrenchment, procedure and compensation for lay-off and retrenchment.
3. Strike and lock-out.

UNIT: 3

1. Concept, Importance and Pre-requisites of collective bargaining.
2. Mechanism to administer collective bargaining (Negotiation, Mediation, Voluntary Arbitration and compulsory arbitration)
3. Power of government to refer industrial disputes for adjudication:
 - (a) Adjudicatory machinery
 - (b) Award and its binding nature
 - (c) Judicial review of awards
4. Prenatal (permission) and postnatal (approach) control during pendency of proceeding (see 33 of Industrial Dispute Act, 1947)

UNIT-4

1. Concept, Nature and Scope of standing orders under Industrial Employment Standing Order Act, 1946
2. Formulation and certification of standing order, Remedies in case of non-certification
3. Modification and legal status of standing order.

4. Meaning of Mis-conduct, Fairness in disciplinary process, Powers of the tribunal, Industrial tribunal in awarding punishment in case of mis-conduct.

Suggested Readings:

1. O.P. Malhotra: Law of Industrial Disputes
2. Indian Law Institute: Labour Law and Labour Relations
3. K.D. Srivastava: Commentary of Industrial Employment Standing order Act, 1946
4. S.C. Srivastava: Industrial relation and labour law

Note for Paper Setters:

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UNIT: I

1. Concept of Social Security: Origin and Development in India.
2. Committees, Corporation, Standing Committee and Medical Benefit council under the Employees State Insurance, Act, 1948.
3. Benefits under the employees state insurance Act, 1948.
4. Claims and adjudication of disputes under the Employees State Insurance Act, 1948.
5. Unorganized Labour Social Security Act, 2008.

UNIT: II

1. Obligation of employer under the Factories Act, 1948: Health, Welfare, Safety of workmen.
2. Hazardous process: Employment of young persons, working hours for adults and annual leave with wages under the Factories Act, 1948.
3. Protection of weaker section of labour under the Interstate Migrant Workers (regulation of employment and condition of service) Act, 1979.

UNIT: III

1. Concept of wages (minimum wage, fair wage and living wage).
2. Fixation of minimum rate of wages under the minimum wages Act, 1948.
3. Liability to pay the wages, period for payment of wages and permissible deduction under the payment of wages Act, 1936.
4. Claim and adjudication under the payment of wages Act, 1936.

UNIT: IV

1. Concept and scope of compensation to industrial workers.

2. Concept of employer, workman, dependent, disablement
3. Employers liability to pay compensation, Amount of compensation, Notice and claim
4. Settlement of disputes under the workmen compensation Act, 1923

Suggested Readings:

1. S.N. Mishra: Labour and Industrial Laws
2. S.K. Mishra: Labour and Industrial Law of India
3. Meenu Paul: Industrial and Labour Law
4. Indian Law Institute: Labour Law and Labour relation, 1947
5. Interstate migrant workmen: Regulation of employment and condition of service Act, 1979

Note for Paper Setters:

The question paper shall comprise of two Sections. Section-I shall have one compulsory question comprising of four short answer type questions (200 words each) selecting one from each Unit. Section-II shall contain two questions from each Unit (Total eight questions) and the candidate shall be required to answer one question from each Unit (Total questions to be attempted from Section-II will be four), i.e., there will be internal choice within each Unit. The student shall attempt a total of five questions and all questions shall carry equal marks.



COURSE: 851**INSURANCE LAW****Time Allowed: 3 hrs.****Max. Marks: 100****Min. Marks: 45****UNIT - I**

General Principles of Law of Insurance, Definition, nature and history of insurance, contract of insurance, insurable interest, Premium, policies, classification, form and contents. Commencement, assignment and construction.

UNIT - II

LIC Act 1956. – Life Insurance Corporation role and functions, Object, nature and scope of Life Insurance. Kinds of Life insurance.Policy and formation of Life Insurance Contract. Events insured against Life Insurance Contract. Circumstances affecting the risk. Amount recoverable under life policy. Persons entitled to payment from settlement of claim.

UNIT - III

Insurance under MV Act 1988. Necessity of insurance against 3rd party risk. Requirements of policies and limits of liability. Validity of policies of reciprocating countries; Rights of 3rd parties against assurance as to insured. Settlement between insurance and insured person. Effects of death on certain causes of action. Claims tribunal, Procedure and powers of Tribunal appeal

UNIT - IV

Insurance Regulation & Development Act, 1999. Salient features, Duties, Powers, Functions and Constitution of IRDA. Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991. Sec. 2-21

Suggested Readings:

1. M.N. Srinivasan—Law and the Life Insurance Contact
2. B.N. Banerjee—The Law of Insurance
3. BhattacharyaJee—The Life Insurance Corporation Act

COURSE: 903

Time Allowed: 3hrs

LOCAL LAWS

Max. Marks: 100

Min. Marks: 45

UNIT – I J&K Homes and Shops Rent Control Act, 1966

1. History, object and scope of the Rent Control Legislation in J&K.
2. Definition: Section 2
3. Provisions relating to Rent (Section 1-10)
4. Suit and Proceedings for eviction (Sec. 11-13)

UNIT – II J&K Homes and Shops Rent Control Act, 1966

1. Deposit of Rent (Sec. 14-16)
2. Position and appointment of Controller (Sec. 17-20)
3. Appeal, Review and Revision (Sec. 21)
4. Obligations of Landlord under the Rent Control Act (Sec. 27-28)
5. Cutting off or Withholding essential service or supply (Sec. 29)

UNIT – III The Jammu and Kashmir Land Revenue Act, 1939 (1996, Samvat)

1. Definitions (Sec. 2)
2. Revenue Officers – Classes, Appointment and Powers (Sec. 5-11A)
3. Record of Right and Annual Record (Sec. 21-34)
4. Right of Government in Mines and Minerals (Sects 35-40)
5. Collection of arrears of Land revenue (Sects. 60-89)
 1. Partition including partition of Shariat lands (Sec. 103, 119)

UNIT - IV

The Jammu and Kashmir Agrarian Reforms Act, 1976

1. Salient features.
2. Restrictions on right in land (See 4-17)
3. Jurisdiction and Procedure (See, 18-25)
4. Supplemental Provisions, penalties and miscellaneous provisions (Sees 26-33)

The State Land Acquisition Act, 1990 (Samvat, 1934 AD);

1. Collector: Definition and powers
2. Declaration of Intended Acquisition, Procedure of acquisition

Suggested Readings:

1. J&K Houses and Shops Rent Control Act, 1966
2. J&K Land Revenue Act, 1996
3. J&K Agrarian Reforms Act, 1976
4. Commentary on J&K Houses and Shops Rent Control Act, 1966—N.K. Ganjoo
5. G.Q. Wari— Commentary on Revenue Law.

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COURSE : 952

Time Allowed: 3hrs

WOMEN AND LAW

Max. Marks: 100

Min. Marks: 45

UNIT: I

1. Status of Women in ancient India
2. Status of Women in Pre-independence India
 - (a) Social reforms movement in India
 - (b) Nationalist movement
3. Status Women in Post-Independence India
Gender equality & protection under the Constitution of India

UNIT: II

1. Inheritance rights of Hindu women under Hindu Succession Act, 1956 as amended in 2005
2. Inheritance rights of Muslim women under Muslim law
3. Inheritance rights of Christian women under Christian law
4. Inheritance rights of Parsi women under Parsi law

UNIT: III WOMEN AND MATRIMONIAL LAWS—COMPARATIVE STUDY

1. Marriage
2. Divorce
3. Maintenance

UNIT: IV

(A) LAWS RELATING TO CRIME AGAINST WOMEN

1. Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961
2. Domestic Violence Act, 2005

3. Sexual Harassment at Workplace
4. Female foeticide: The Pre-conception & Pre-natal Diagnostic Techniques (Prohibition of Sex Selection Act), 1994

(B) Matrimonial property Regime in India

Suggested Readings:

1. MamataRao—Law relating to women and children
2. Anjani Kant—Women and law
3. S.C. Tripathi&VibhaArora: Law relating to women and children
4. ParasDiwan: Family law
5. AAA Faize: Outlines of Mohammadan Law
6. MPS Jain: Indian Constitutional Law
7. Hingorani: Gandhi to women
8. Flavia Agnes: Women and Law in India
9. ParasDiwan: Law of Marriage and Divorce in India

Note for Paper Setters:

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Time Allowed: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Min. Marks: 45

UNIT - I

1. Concept and meaning of property; kinds of property – moveable and immovable property, tangible and intangible property, intellectual property, copy right, patents design and trademarks
2. Transfer of property by the act of parties (Secs 5-21)
3. Doctrine of election (Section 35)
4. Fraudulent transfer (Section 53)

UNIT - II

1. Sale of immovable property (sections 54); (sale, contract of sale)
2. Rights and liabilities of buyer and seller (Section 55); including sections 54, 139 and 140 of the Jammu and Kashmir Transfer of Property Act)
3. Mortgages of immovable property; (Sections 58-77) kinds of mortgage.
4. Rights and liabilities of the mortgagor and the mortgagee.

UNIT - III

1. Leases (Sections 105-117); Definition, leases how made, termination of lease.
2. Right Liabilities of Lessor & Lessee
3. Marshalling and contribution (Sections 81 & 82); Redemption (sections 91 – 96)
4. Charge (Sections 100-104)

UNIT - IV

1. Creation of Easements (Sections 4-7)
2. Nature and characteristics of easements

3. Extinction, suspension and revival of easements (sections 37-51)
4. License Sections (52-64)

Suggested Readings:

1. D.G. Mulla: Transfer of Property Act
2. S.N. Shukla: Transfer of Property Act
3. S.M. Shah: Transfer of Property Act
4. Tripathi: Indian Easement Act
5. J.D. Jain: Indian Easement Act.

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COURSE: 951

Time Allowed: 3 hrs

Humanitarian and Refugee Law

Max. Marks: 100

Min. Marks: 45

UNIT-I

1. Definition, concept and application of International Humanitarian Law
2. International Humanitarian Law and Human Rights Law
3. Protection of wounded and sick in Armed Forces in the Field and at Sea
4. Protection of the Prisoners of War
5. Protection of Civilian Population

UNIT-II

1. Protection of Women and Children
2. Protection of medical personnel, hospitals, ambulances, etc., and cultural property.
3. Limitations on the means and methods of warfare
4. Implementation of International Humanitarian Law: Basic Issues
5. International Criminal Court; International *ad hoc* Criminal Tribunals

UNIT-III

1. Historical Development of law for the protection of refugees: Definition of refugee, regional efforts (OAU, Cartagena, Manila Principles).
2. Legal framework: Convention relating to the Status of Refugees and Protocol of 1967
3. Rights of refugees including principle of non-refoulement
4. Assessment in Refugee Status Determination; UNHCR's procedure for the determination of refugee status in India; Loss and denial of refugee status
5. Asylum

1. Substantive rights of refugees under 1951 Refugee Convention: i) Non-discrimination, ii) Right to fair trial, iii) Employment, iv) Housing and property, v) Education, vi) Freedom of movement, vii) Family reunification
2. United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR): appointment, powers and functions with respect to the protection of refugees.
3. Legal protection of Internally Displaced Persons and Stateless persons
4. Standards of treatment: Women and Children Refugees
5. Durable solutions to refugee problem

Suggested Readings:

1. Prof. B.S. Chimini, *International Refugee Law*
2. V.S. Mani, *Handbook of International Humanitarian Law in South Asia*
3. Ian Brownlie, *Basic Document in International Law*
4. Council of Europe, *Human Rights in International Law*

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COURSE: 904

ENVIRONMENTAL LAW

Time Allowed: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 100

Min. Marks: 45

UNIT: I

1. Environmental Protection: Issues and Problems
2. Key International Efforts for Environmental Protection with special reference to the following:
 - (a) Stockholm and Rio Declaration
 - (b) Agenda 21
 - (c) Sustainable Development: Salient Features
 - (d) Convention on Biological Diversity, 1992
 - (e) UN Framework Convention on Climate Change, 1992
 - (f) Kyoto Protocol, 1997
 - (g) Post – Kyoto Developments.

UNIT: II

1. Indian Constitution and Environmental Protection
2. Judicial Response towards Environmental Protection
3. Environmental (Protection) Act, 1986: Salient Features
4. Hazardous Wastes (Management , Handling & Transboundary) Rules, 2008
5. Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991

UNIT: III

1. Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 (Relevant Provisions)
2. Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 (Relevant Provisions)
3. Noise Pollution (Regulation and Control) Rules, 2000
4. Public Nuisance and Environment
5. Environment Impact Assessment: Concept and EIA Notification, 2006



6. Corporate Responsibility in Environmental Matters

UNIT-IV

1. Forest Conservation Act, 1986
2. Biological Diversity Act, 2002
3. National Green Tribunal Act, 2010

(Note: only relevant provision of the above Acts)

Suggested Readings:

1. S. Diwan and A. Rosenzweig, Environmental Law and Policy in India, Oxford Pub.
2. P. Leelakrishnan, Environmental Law in India, ButterworthsKladhita (2008)
3. P.S. Jaswal, Environmental Law (Pioneer Publications)
4. S. Lal, Commentaries on Water, Air and Environmental Pollution
5. D.S. Senegar, Environmental Law, Transnational Pub

Note for Paper Setters:

The question paper shall comprise of two Sections. Section-I will contain a compulsory question comprising of four short answer type questions (one question from each unit, i.e., eight questions) and the candidate shall be required to answer one question from each Unit (Total questions to be attempted from Section-II will be four), i.e., there will be internal choice within each Unit. The student shall attempt a total of five questions and all questions shall carry equal marks.

3rd Semester examination to be held in the Year December, 2023, 2024 and 2025

**CLASS: RALLB 5TH SEMESTER
COURSE TITLE: CLINICAL LEGAL EDUCATION
COURSE NO: RALLB 706
DURATION OF EXAM: 3 HRS**

**Max Marks: 100
Internal Assessment: 50
External Viva-Voce: 45
Class Attendance: 05**

Note:

Out of 100 marks 45 marks shall be for external viva-voce and 05 marks shall be for class attendance. 50 marks allocated for Internal Assessment shall be divided as under

Court Visit (20 Marks), Chamber Visit (20 marks) and visit to other Institutions (10 Marks)

Court Visit

The student shall attend two trials, one civil and one criminal. They shall maintain a record and enter the various steps such as:

1. Nature of the case/suit/claim/complaint,
2. Stage of the case/suit/issues/charges,
3. Proceedings on the date of the visit,
4. Relationship observed of Bar-Bench-Client,
5. Court room atmosphere.

The students shall record their observations during their visit to the court. The diary shall be signed by the Advocate concerned on panel of the Department and the teacher Incharge of the group. The students shall be evaluated for 20 marks for Court visit by the teacher Incharge.

Chamber Visit

Each student shall observe at least two interviewing sessions of clients at the

Lawyer's chamber and record the proceedings in a diary. The students shall further observe the preparation of documents and court papers by the advocate and the procedure for the filing in atleast two suits/petitions. This shall be recorded in the diary which shall be signed by the Advocate concerned on panel of the Department and the teacher Incharge of the group. The teacher Incharge shall evaluate the same for 20 marks.

Visit to Other Institutions:

Lok Adalat/Jail/Police station/Detention Centre/Village Panchayat

The students shall prepare a Report noting his observations about the institutions visited. The teacher In charge shall brief the students before the visit. This shall carry 10 marks

6th Semester examination to be held in the Year May, 2024, 2023 and 2022.

**CLASS: BA LL.B 6TH SEMESTER
COURSE TITLE: CLINICAL LEGAL EDUCATION-II
COURSE NO: BA LL.B-781
DURATION OF EXAM: 3 HRS**

**Max Marks: 100
Internal Assessment: 50
External Visa-Voice: 45
Class Attendance: 05**

Note:

Out of 100 marks 45 marks shall be for written examination and 45 marks shall be for the class attendance. 50 marks allocated for Internal Assessment shall be divided as under:-
Court Visit (20 Marks), Chamber Visit (20 marks) and visit to other Institutions (10 Marks).

Court Visit:-

The students shall attend two trials, one civil and one criminal. They shall maintain a record and note the various steps such as:-

1. Notice of the case/suit/challan/complaint;
2. Stage of the case/suit/misses/charges;
3. Proceedings on the date of the visit;
4. Relationship observed of Bar-Bench-Client;
5. Court room atmosphere.

The students shall record their observations during their visit to the court. The diary shall be signed by the Advocate concerned on panel of the Department and the teacher incharge of the group. The students shall be evaluated for 20 marks for Court visit by the teacher incharge.

Chamber Visit:-

Each student shall observe at least two interviewing sessions of clients at the Lawyer's chamber and record the proceedings in a diary. The students shall further observe the preparation of documents and court papers by the advocate and the procedure for the filing in at least two suits/petitions. This shall be recorded in the diary which shall be signed by the Advocate concerned on panel of the Department and the teacher incharge of the group. The teacher incharge shall evaluate the same for 20 marks.

Visit to Other Institutions:-

Lok Adalat/Jail/Police station/Detention Centre/Village Panchayat:

The students shall prepare a Report noting his observations about the institutions visited. The teacher In-charge shall brief the students before the visit. This shall carry 10 marks.

3rd Semester examination to be held in the Year December, 2022, 2023 and 2024.

**CLASS: BALLR 3RD SEMESTER
COURSE TITLE: LEGAL METHODS – I
COURSE NO: BALLR 607
DURATION OF EXAM: 3 HRS**

**Max Marks: 100
Internal Assessment: 50
Viva-voce: 05
Class Attendance: 05**

OBJECTIVES:

The objective of this paper is to initiate students into the study of law. There shall be no written examination for this paper. This paper shall be taught in the tutorials. The following issues shall be discussed by the teachers in the tutorial:

1. What is law?
2. What are the sources of law?
3. How to find our law, both statutory and case law?
4. Familiarize the students with the law library and with the law reports and journals.
5. How to read and analyze the reported cases?

Note:

The teacher concerned shall give four assignments of ten marks each to the students which shall be evaluated at the end of the session by the teacher concerned along with one teacher nominated by the Head of the Department. There shall be presentation by each student for 10 marks on any one problem/ case out of four before two teachers. There shall be external viva voce for 05 marks and 05 marks for class attendance.

**CLASS: BALLB 4TH SEMESTER
COURSE TITLE: LEGAL METHOD-II
COURSE NO: BALLB 656
DURATION OF EXAM: 3 HRS**

4th Semester examination to be held in the Year May, 2013, 2014 and 2015
**Max Marks: 100
Internal Assessment: 50
External Viva-voce: 45
Class Attendance: 95**

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The objective of this paper is to familiarize the students with different legal system and case law. There shall be no written examination for this paper. This paper shall be taught in the tutorials. The following systems of law shall be discussed by the teacher in the tutorials.

1. The Indian legal system and its basic characteristics
2. The Common Law system and its characteristics
3. The Civil Law system and its characteristics.

4. Reading and analyzing reported case.

NOTE:-

The teacher concerned shall give four assignments of ten marks each to the students which shall be evaluated at the end of the session by the teacher concerned along with one teacher nominated by the Head of the Department. There shall be internal presentation by each student for 10 marks on assigned components. External viva-voce shall be for 45 marks and 05 marks for class attendance.